

KCNQ2/3/4/5 (phospho Thr217/246/223/251) Polyclonal Antibody

Cat No: HR1AP7124

For research use only

Overview

Product Name	KCNQ2/3/4/5 (phospho Thr217/246/223/251) Polyclonal Antibody
Source	Rabbit
Applications	IHC-p,ELISA
Species Reactivity	Human,Mouse,Rat
Recommended Dilutions	
Immunogen	
Species	Rabbit
Storage	-20°C/1 year
Isotype	
Clonality	
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Observed band	kDa
GeneID?Human?	KCNQ2
Human Swiss-Prot No.	
Cellular localization	
Alternative Names	KCNQ2; Potassium voltage-gated channel subfamily KQT member 2; KQT-like 2; Neuroblastoma-specific potassium channel subunit alpha KvLQT2; Voltage-gated potassium channel subunit Kv7.2; KCNQ3; Potassiu
Background	potassium voltage-gated channel subfamily Q member 2(KCNQ2) Homo sapiens The M channel is a slowly activating and deactivating potassium channel that plays a critical role in the regulation of neuronal excitability. The M channel is formed by the association of the protein encoded by this gene and a related protein encoded by the KCNQ3 gene, both integral membrane proteins. M channel currents are inhibited by M1 muscarinic acetylcholine receptors and activated by retigabine, a novel anti-convulsant drug. Defects in this gene are a cause of benign familial neonatal convulsions type 1 (BFNC), also known as epilepsy, benign neonatal type 1 (EBN1). At least five transcript variants encoding five different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],